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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/053,143	01/17/2002	Thomas Deyette JR.	1001.1475101	4732
28075 7590 02/16/2007 CROMPTON, SEAGER & TUFTE, LLC			EXAMINER	
1221 NICOLLE			DAWSON, GLENN K	
SUITE 800 MINNEAPOLIS	S, MN 55403-2420		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	•		3731	
SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD OF RESPONSE		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS		02/16/2007	PAPER	

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

		X
	Application No.	Applicant(s)
•	10/053,143	DEYETTE ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Glenn K. Dawson	3731
The MAILING DATE of this communication	appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address
Period for Reply		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFI after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pe  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by st Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	G DATE OF THIS COMMUNI R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON atute, cause the application to become Al	CATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
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1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>0</u>		•
· <u> </u>	This action is non-final.	tore presenting as to the marite is
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closed in accordance with the practice und	ы <i>Ex pane Quayl</i> e, 1955 C.L	J. 11, 400 U.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 46-60 is/are pending in the application	ation.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with	drawn from consideration.	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>46-60</u> is/are rejected.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction ar	nd/or election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Exan	niner.	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)		by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to	•	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co	* ' '	
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	•	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore	eign priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	and the second s	
1. Certified copies of the priority docum	nents have been received.	
2. Certified copies of the priority docum		Application No.
3. Copies of the certified copies of the		-
application from the International Bu	•	
* See the attached detailed Office action for a	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	received.
Attachment(s)		,
Attachment(s)  1)  Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Tinterview	Summary (PTO-413)
<ul> <li>2) Notice of Praftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> </ul>	Paper No(	s)/Mail Date
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)		Informal Patent Application
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6)	·

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### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 46-60 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Olson, et al.-5906619.

Olson discloses a device including an outer sheath 32, an inner shaft 34 having runners 42 at the distal end for holding a distal protection device (stent), a manifold 50 having a rotatable actuator gear 52 which when rotated engages gear teeth on the proximal end of the sheath to retract it proximally and allow the stent to self-expand. The rotation of the button 52 is about an axis coincident with the axis of the sheath. The key is the projections (set screws or radial tabs) on 104 which project through a slot (notch) in 98.

Claims 46-60 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Gilson, et al.-6669716.

Gilson discloses a device including an outer sheath 20 housing an inner shaft 2 having a section at its distal end for receiving a stent (distal protection device). The proximal ed of the shaft has a manifold attached thereto which has a rotatable button 53

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which when rotated about an axis parallel to the axis of the sheath causes retraction of the sheath relative to the shaft and allows the stent to self-expand. The key is shown in fig. 22. The key holds teeth 56 and the notch is the opening which receives the two projections or keys with the teeth.

The above rejections are given since the stent would be a protection device capable of protecting a weakened vessel.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was

not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 46-60 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Turovskiy, et al.-2002/0128679 in view of either Olson, et al.-619 or Gilson, et al.-716.

Turovskiy discloses the invention as claimed including a retractable outer sheath attached to an actuator button for retracting the outer sheath relative to an inner shaft with a distal protection filter. However, the specific actuation button assembly was not disclosed. However, both Olson and Gilson disclose the same actuator button assemblies as the applicant is claiming. It would have been obvious to have used the actuators of either Olson or Gilson as these actuators avoid inadvertent linear movement of the handle to the protection device or system. See Olson, et al. col. 2 lines 12-36.

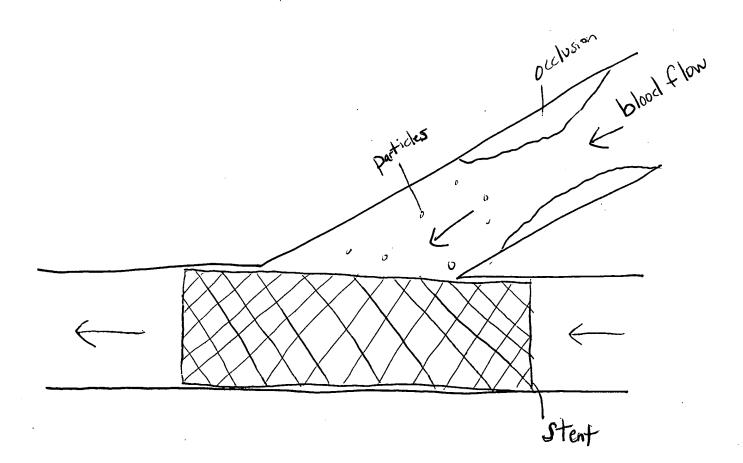
#### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 12-01-2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

The examiner has identified the structures which are the claimed keys and notches. As for the stents/ stent/grafts not constituting a distal protection device, this argument is not persuasive for two reasons: 1. because the specification does not provide an actual definition of a distal protection device and a stent clearly protects the vessel wall from collapsing. And 2. if the stent were placed in a location distal to an occlusion at a location of a branching artery, the stent would be able to function as a

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filter as blood attempting to pass through the stent would be filtered of particles in the blood which are larger than the pores of the stent. A diagram below would show the positioning of a stent whereby it would indeed filter out thrombotic material and therefore even meet applicant's definition of a distal protection device.



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#### Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Glenn K. Dawson whose telephone number is 571-272-4694. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th 7:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Anhtuan T. Nguyen can be reached on 571-272-4963. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Glenn K Dawson Primary Examiner Art Unit 3731

Gkd 09 February 2007